



SES Mail Fracessina

FEB 29 2008

Washington, DC ~ 103

Section

, CD & 8 (009

ANNUAL AUDITED REPORT FORM X-17A-5 PART III OMB APPROVAL
OMB Number: 3235-0123

Expires: February 28, 2010 Estimated average burden hours per response..... 12.00

SEC FILE NUMBER
8- 48212

FACING PAGE

Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thereunder

Washington, D.C. 20549

ES

PARTITUDE COMMISSION

REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGINNII	NG 01/01/07 AND E	ENDING	12/51/6.	
REPORT FOR THE FEMOLE SECTION	MM/DD/YY		MM/DD/YY	
A.]	REGISTRANT IDENTIFICATION			
NAME OF BROKER-DEALER: Seapo	ower Carpenter Capital, Inc.		FFICIAL USE ONLY	
ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF	BUSINESS: (Do not use P.O. Box No.)	x No.) FIRM I.D. NO.		
Five Park Plaza, Suite 95	o			
	(No. and Street)			
Irvine	CA	9261	4	
(City)	(State)	(Zip Co	de)	
NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMBER (OF PERSON TO CONTACT IN REGARD T	TO THIS REPORT	949) 261-8888	
Curt Christianssen				
		(Area	Code - Telephone Number	
Curt Christianssen B. A	ACCOUNTANT IDENTIFICATION	ı	Code – Telephone Number	
Curt Christianssen B. A	NT whose opinion is contained in this Repo	prt*	Code – Telephone Number	
B. A INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTA	NT whose opinion is contained in this Report Corporation (Name - if individual, state last, first, middle n	prt*	Code – Telephone Number	
B. A INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTA Windes & McClaughry Accountance	NT whose opinion is contained in this Report Corporation (Name - if individual, state last, first, middle n	ort* name)		
B. A INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTA Windes & McClaughry Accountanc 111 West Ocean Boulevard, Suit	NT whose opinion is contained in this Report Corporation (Name - if individual, state last, first, middle name = 2200 Long Beach	ort* came) CA (State)	90802 (Zip Code)	
B. A INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTA Windes & McClaughry Accountanc 111 West Ocean Boulevard, Suit (Address)	NT whose opinion is contained in this Report Corporation (Name - if individual, state last, first, middle note 2200 Long Beach (City)	ort* came) CA (State)	90802	
B. A INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTA Windes & McClaughry Accountanc 111 West Ocean Boulevard, Suit (Address) CHECK ONE:	NT whose opinion is contained in this Report Corporation (Name - if individual, state last, first, middle note 2200 Long Beach (City)	ort* came) CA (State)	90802 (Zip Code)	
B. A INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTA Windes & McClaughry Accountanc 111 West Ocean Boulevard, Suit (Address) CHECK ONE: Certified Public Accountance	NT whose opinion is contained in this Report Corporation (Name - if individual, state last, first, middle note 2200 Long Beach (City)	CA (State) PROC MAR 2	90802 (Zip Code)	

*Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See Section 240.17a-5(e)(2)

Potential persons who are to respond to the collection of information contained in this form are not required to respond unless the form displays a currently valid OMB control number.

SEC 1410 (06-02)

OATH OR AFFIRMATION

I, Curt Christianssen	, swear (or affirm) that, to the best of
my knowledge and belief the accompa	anying financial statement and supporting schedules pertaining to the firm of
of December 31	, 20 07 , are true and correct. I further swear (or affirm) tha
O1 <u></u>	, proprietor, principal officer or director has any proprietary interest in any account
classified solely as that of a customer,	
	,,
None	
JENNIFER ANN GAIC	(WX III
Commission # 15748	Signauric
Notory Public - Collion	CFO
Orange County	
My Comm. Diples May 27	.2009 Title
Notary Public	
This report ** contains (check all app	plicable boxes):
(a) Facing Page.	
(b) Statement of Financial Cond	lition.
X (c) Statement of Income (Loss).	
(d) Statement of Changes in Fina	ancial Condition.
(e) Statement of Changes in Stoc	ckholders' Equity or Partners' or Sole Proprietors' Capital.
	bilities Subordinated to Claims of Creditors.
(g) Computation of Net Capital.	D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D
(h) Computation for Determination	ion of Reserve Requirements Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3.
(i) Information Relating to the I	Possession or Control Requirements Under Rule 15c3-3.
(j) A Reconciliation, including a	appropriate explanation of the Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1 and the
Computation for Determinat	ion of the Reserve Requirements Under Exhibit A of Rule 15c3-3.
	ne audited and unaudited Statements of Financial Condition with respect to methods
consolidation.	
☑ (I) An Oath or Affirmation.☐ (m) A copy of the SIPC Supplem	nental Report
(m) A copy of the SIPC supplier (n) A report describing any mater	rial inadequacies found to exist or found to have existed since the date of the previous a
(ii) A report describing any mater	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

^{**}For conditions of confidential treatment of certain portions of this filing, see section 240.17a-5(e)(3).

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2007 AND 2006

CONTENTS

Independent Auditors' Report	1
Statements of Financial Condition	2
Statements of Income	3
Statements of Changes in Stockholder's Equity	4
Statements of Cash Flows	5
Notes to the Financial Statements 6-	8
Independent Auditors' Report on Supplementary Information Required By Rule 17a-5 of the Securities and Exchange Commission	9
Supplementary Information:	
Schedule I	0
Schedule II	.1
Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control Required by SEC Rule 17a-5 for a Broker-Dealer Claiming an Exemption from SEC Rule 15c3-3	4



Landmark Square 111 West Ocean Boulevard Twenty-Second Floor Post Office Box 87 Long Beach, CA 90801-0087

Tel: (562) 435-1191 Fax: (562) 495-1665

www.windes.com

Other Offices: lrvine Torrance

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Board of Directors of Seapower Carpenter Capital, Inc.

We have audited the accompanying statements of financial condition of Seapower Carpenter Capital, Inc. (a wholly owned subsidiary of CCFW, Inc. dba Carpenter & Company) (the company) as of December 31, 2007 and 2006, and the related statements of income, changes in stockholder's equity, and cash flows for the years then ended that you are filing pursuant to Rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. These financial statements are the responsibility of the company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes consideration of internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the company's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Seapower Carpenter Capital, Inc. (a wholly owned subsidiary of CCFW, Inc. dba Carpenter & Company) as of December 31, 2007 and 2006, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the years then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Long Beach, California

Windes & Mc Claryly

February 27, 2008

STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION

ASSETS

	December 31,			
	2007	2006		
CASH	\$ 635,856	\$ 942,831		
ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE	11,860	235,844		
DEPOSIT	1,879	661		
TOTAL ASSETS	<u>\$ 649,595</u>	\$ 1,179,336		
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDER'S EQUITY				
LIABILITIES Deferred revenue		\$ 25,000 25,000		
COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (Note 3)				
STOCKHOLDER'S EQUITY Common stock, no par value, 10,000 shares authorized; 5,000 shares issued and outstanding Retained earnings	\$ 35,000 614,595 649,595	35,000 1,119,336 1,154,336		
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDER'S EQUITY	\$ 649,595	\$ 1,179,336		

STATEMENTS OF INCOME

		For the Year Ended December 31,		
	2007	2006		
REVENUE Financial advisory services	\$1,665,576	\$ 2,401,340		
Consulting income	1,665,576	35,000 2,436,340		
GENERAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES	1,113,937	1,314,229		
INCOME FROM OPERATIONS	551,639	1,122,111		
OTHER INCOME Interest income	46,620	11,286		
INCOME BEFORE PROVISION FOR INCOME TAXES	598,259	1,133,397		
PROVISION FOR INCOME TAXES	253,000	459,200		
NET INCOME	\$ 345,259	\$ 674,197		

STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN STOCKHOLDER'S EQUITY FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2007 AND 2006

	Shares Issued and Outstanding	Common Stock	Retained Earnings
BALANCE AT JANUARY 1, 2006	5,000	\$ 35,000	\$ 445,139
NET INCOME			674,197
BALANCE AT DECEMBER 31, 2006	5,000	35,000	1,119,336
NET INCOME			345,259
DIVIDEND			(850,000)
BALANCE AT DECEMBER 31, 2007	<u>5,000</u>	<u>\$ 35,000</u>	<u>\$ 614,595</u>

STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

	For the Year Ended December 31,			
	_	2007		2006
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Net income	\$	345,259	\$	674,197
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash from operating activities:				
Change in:				
Accounts receivable		223,984	(230,774)
Deposit	(1,218)		367
Deferred revenue	(25,000)		25,000
Due to parent			(144,200)
Net Cash Provided By Operating Activities		543,025		324,590
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Dividends paid	(_	850,000)		
Net Cash Used In Financing Activities	(_	850,000)		
NET CHANGE IN CASH	(306,975)		324,590
CASH AT BEGINNING OF YEAR		942,831		618,241
CASH AT END OF YEAR	<u>\$</u>	635,856	<u>\$</u>	942,831
SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURE OF CASH FLOW INFORMATION				
Cash paid during the year for:				
Income taxes		None		None

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2007 AND 2006

NOTE 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

This summary of significant accounting policies of Seapower Carpenter Capital, Inc. (the company) is presented to assist in understanding the company's financial statements.

Organization and Operations

Seapower Carpenter Capital, Inc. is incorporated under the laws of the State of California and is a wholly owned subsidiary of CCFW, Inc. dba Carpenter & Company (the parent).

The company, a registered broker-dealer with the Securities and Exchange Commission, provides professional securities services with a focus on private best efforts placements of securities for financial services clients, mergers and acquisitions. These services are incidental to the financial consulting activities of the parent. The company is also a member of the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority.

Use of Estimates and Assumptions

Management uses estimates and assumptions in preparing financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. Those estimates and assumptions affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities, and the reported revenues and expenses. Actual results could vary from the estimates that were assumed in preparing the financial statements.

Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable are stated at the amount management expects to collect from outstanding balances at December 31, 2007 and 2006. Balances that are still outstanding after management has used reasonable collection efforts are written off through a charge to expense and a credit to accounts receivable. Bad debt expenses related to accounts receivable have not been material to the financial statements.

Financial Advisory Services

Financial advisory service revenues include fees earned from providing merger and acquisition and financial advisory services. Financial advisory service revenues are recorded on the closing date of the transaction.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2007 AND 2006

NOTE 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Provision for Income Taxes and Deferred Income Taxes

Income taxes are provided for the tax effects of transactions reported in the financial statements and consist of taxes currently due and deferred taxes. The company files its tax return on a consolidated basis with the parent under a tax sharing arrangement, which requires the company to provide for taxes on the "separate return" basis. Deferred taxes, if any, are recognized for differences between the basis of assets and liabilities for financial statements and income tax purposes.

NOTE 2 – Related-Party Activities

The parent pays all the general and administrative expenses, which are allocated to the company through the due to parent account pursuant to a services and expenses sharing agreement between the company and its parent. The agreement provides for allocations that correspond to and are representative of the level of activity of the company throughout the year. This includes expenses related to back-office support and overhead. The company paid \$1,120,059 and \$1,284,107 to the parent for general and administrative expenses for the years ended December 31, 2007 and 2006, respectively. The due to parent account is also credited or debited for the company's provision for income taxes. The provision for income taxes for the years ended December 31, 2007 and 2006 were paid to the parent in December 2007 and 2006, respectively. (See Note 4.)

NOTE 3 - Net Capital Requirements

The company is subject to the Securities and Exchange Commission Uniform Net Capital Rule (SEC rule 15c3-1), which requires both the maintenance of minimum net capital and that the ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital, each as defined, shall not exceed 15 to 1 (and the rule of the "applicable" exchange also provides that equity capital may not be withdrawn or cash dividends paid if the resulting net capital ratio would exceed 10 to 1). At December 31, 2007, the company had net capital of \$635,856, which was \$630,856 in excess of its required net capital of \$5,000. The company's net capital ratio was 0 to 1.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2007 AND 2006

NOTE 4 – Provision for Income Taxes

The provision for income taxes consists of the following:

		For the Year Ended December 31,		
	_	2007		2006
Federal State	\$ —	200,114 52,886	\$	359,008 100,192
	<u>\$</u>	253,000	<u>\$</u>	459,200

NOTE 5 – Concentration of Credit Risk

The company provides financial consulting services for the parent's clients, which may range from nine to eleven engagements per year.

As of December 31, 2007, the company had receivables from six clients, none of which represented more than 25% of total gross receivable.

As of December 31, 2006, the company had two clients who represented approximately 94.6% of total gross receivable.



Landmark Square 111 West Ocean Boulevard Twenty-Second Floor Post Office Box 87 Long Beach, CA 90801-0087

Tel: (562) 435-1191 Fax: (562) 495-1665

www.windes.com

Other Offices: Irvine Torrance

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION REQUIRED BY RULE 17a-5 OF THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

To the Board of Directors of Seapower Carpenter Capital, Inc.

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Seapower Carpenter Capital, Inc. (a wholly owned subsidiary of CCFW, Inc. dba Carpenter & Company) (the company), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2007 and have issued our report thereon dated February 27, 2008. Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The information contained in Schedules I and II is presented for the purpose of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements, but is supplementary information required by Rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Windes & Mc Claryly
Long Beach, California

February 27, 2008

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE I

COMPUTATION OF NET CAPITAL PURSUANT TO UNIFORM NET CAPITAL RULE 15c3-1 AND RECONCILIATION WITH COMPUTATION INCLUDED IN THE COMPANY'S CORRESPONDING UNAUDITED FORM X-17A-5 PART IIA FILING DECEMBER 31, 2007

CREDITS Stockholder's equity per company's unaudited	
X-17A-5 Part IIA Filing	\$ 649,595
AUDIT ADJUSTMENTS	None
STOCKHOLDER'S EQUITY PER FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	649,595
Nonallowable assets	(13,739)
NET CAPITAL	635,856
MINIMUM NET CAPITAL REQUIREMENTS – THE GREATER OF \$5,000 OR 6-2/3% OF AGGREGATE INDEBTEDNESS OF ZERO	5,000
Excess net capital	<u>\$_630,856</u>
Excess net capital at 1000%	<u>\$ 630,856</u>
RATIO: AGGREGATE INDEBTEDNESS TO NET CAPITAL	0.00%
NET CAPITAL PER COMPANY'S UNAUDITED FORM X-17A-5	ф. <i>(25.95)</i>
Part IIA filing Net audit adjustments	\$ 635,856 None
NET CAPITAL PER REPORT PURSUANT TO RULE 17a-5	<u>\$ 635,856</u>
AGGREGATE INDEBTEDNESS PER COMPANY'S UNAUDITED FORM X-17A-5 Part IIA filing Net audit adjustments	None None
AGGREGATE INDEBTEDNESS	None

The Independent Auditors' Report on Page 9 should be read in conjunction with these statements.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE II DECEMBER 31, 2007

1. Computation of Reserve Requirements Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3:

Not applicable because the company is exempt under Rule 15c3-3 section (k)(2)(i) - "Special Account for the Exclusive Benefit of Customers" maintained.

2. Information Relating to Possession or Control Requirements under Rule 15c3-3:

Not applicable because the company is exempt under Rule 15c3-3 section (k)(2)(i) - "Special Account for the Exclusive Benefit of Customers" maintained.



Landmark Square 111 West Ocean Boulevard Twenty-Second Floor Post Office Box 87 Long Beach, CA 90801-0087

Tel: (562) 435-1191 Fax: (562) 495-1665

www.windes.com

Other Offices: Irvine Torrance

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL REQUIRED BY SEC RULE 17a-5 FOR A BROKER-DEALER CLAIMING AN EXEMPTION FROM SEC RULE 15c3-3

To the Board of Directors of Seapower Carpenter Capital, Inc.

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements and supplemental schedules of Seapower Carpenter Capital, Inc. (a wholly owned subsidiary of CCFW, Inc. dba Carpenter & Company) (the company), for the year ended December 31, 2007 in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, we considered the company's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the company's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the company's internal control.

Also, as required by Rule 17a-5(g)(1) of the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC), we have made a study of the practices and procedures followed by the company, including consideration of control activities for safeguarding securities. This study included tests of such practices and procedures that we considered relevant to the objectives stated in Rule 17a-5(g) in making the periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness (or aggregate debits) and net capital under Rule 17a-3(a)(11) and for determining compliance with the exemptive provisions of Rule 15c3-3. Because the company does not carry securities accounts for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities, we did not review the practices and procedures followed by the company in any of the following:

- 1. Making quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications, comparisons and recordation of differences required by Rule 17a-13.
- 2. Complying with the requirements for prompt payment for securities under Section 8 of Federal Reserve Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System.

The management of the company is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal control and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of controls, and of the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph, and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the SEC's above-mentioned objectives. Two of the objectives of internal control and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that assets for which the company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition, and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Rule 17a-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.

Because of inherent limitations in internal control or the practices and procedures referred to above, errors or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of them to future periods is subject to the risk that they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of their design and operation may deteriorate.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the entity's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the entity's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first and second paragraphs of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control and control activities for safeguarding securities that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

We understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the SEC to be adequate for its purposes in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on our study, we believe that the company's practices and procedures as described in the second paragraph of this report were adequate at December 31, 2007 to meet the SEC's objectives.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Directors, management, the SEC, Financial Industry Regulatory Authority and other regulatory agencies that rely on Rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 in their regulation of registered brokers and dealers, and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Long Beach, California

Windes & Mc Claryly

February 27, 2008